



DISCOVERY-CORP ENTERPRISES INC.
(an exploration stage company)

April 30, 2025

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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Discovery-Corp Enterprises Inc. (an exploration stage company) are the responsibility of the Company's management. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and reflect management's best estimates and judgment based on information currently available. The financial information contained elsewhere in this report has been reviewed to ensure consistency with the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Management maintains systems of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the assets are safeguarded, all transactions are authorized and duly recorded, and financial records are properly maintained to facilitate the preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial statements in a timely manner. The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The Board carries out this responsibility principally through its Audit Committee.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Discovery-Corp Enterprises Inc. ("the Company"), for the nine months ended April 30, 2025, have been prepared by management and have not been subject to a review by the Company's independent auditor.

In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been included and all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Operating results for the nine-month period ended April 30, 2025 are not necessarily indicative of the results that can be expected for the fiscal year ending July 31, 2025.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2024.

"Alex Pannu"

Alex Pannu
Chief Executive Officer

"Iain Brown"

Iain Brown
Chief Financial Officer

Vancouver, British Columbia
June 20, 2025

DISCOVERY-CORP ENTERPRISES INC.

(an exploration stage company)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	Three Months Ended April 30, 2025	Nine Months Ended April 30, 2025	Three Months Ended April 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended April 30, 2024
Expenses					
Administration	9,11	\$ 51,103	\$ 96,050	\$ 34,268	\$ 103,695
Exploration	12	20,462	58,921	-	-
Loss before other items		\$ (71,565)	\$ (154,971)	\$ (34,268)	\$ (103,695)
Gain from Disposal of Assets	7	842,400	842,400	-	-
Interest Income		895	1,263	-	251
Net Income (loss) for the period		\$ 771,730	\$ 688,692	\$ (34,268)	\$ (103,444)
Total comprehensive Income (loss) for the period		\$ 771,730	\$ 688,692	\$ (34,268)	\$ (103,444)
Income per share (basic)		\$ 0.057	\$ (0.051)	\$ (0.003)	\$ (0.008)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	8	13,467,096	13,467,096	13,467,096	13,467,096

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

DISCOVERY-CORP ENTERPRISES INC.

(an exploration stage company)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	As at April 30, 2025	As at July 31, 2024
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash		\$ 459,394	\$ 7,204
Accounts receivable		26,221	20,503
Total current assets		<u>\$ 485,615</u>	<u>\$ 27,707</u>
Non-current assets			
Reclamation bonds	6	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000
Resource property interests	7	20,916	20,916
Total Non-Current Assets		<u>\$ 28,916</u>	<u>\$ 28,916</u>
Total assets		<u>\$ 514,531</u>	<u>\$ 56,623</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	9	\$ 205,545	\$ 436,329
EQUITY (DEFICIT)			
Share capital	8	\$ 7,472,890	\$ 7,472,890
Deficit		(7,163,904)	(7,852,596)
Total equity (deficit)		<u>\$ 308,986</u>	<u>\$ (379,706)</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>\$ 514,531</u>	<u>\$ 56,623</u>

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

*"Iain Brown"*_____
Iain Brown

Director

*"Alex Pannu"*_____
Alex Pannu

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

DISCOVERY-CORP ENTERPRISES INC.

(an exploration stage company)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Number of Shares	Amount	Reserves	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Deficit	Total Equity
Balance, July 31, 2023	13,467,096	\$ 7,472,890	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,702,956)	\$ (230,066)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(32,443)	(32,443)
Balance, October 31, 2023	13,467,096	\$ 7,472,890	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,735,399)	\$ (262,509)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(36,733)	(36,733)
Balance, January 31, 2024	13,467,096	\$ 7,472,890	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,772,132)	\$ (299,242)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(34,268)	(34,268)
Balance, April 30, 2024	13,467,096	\$ 7,472,890	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,806,400)	\$ (333,510)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(46,196)	(46,196)
Balance, July 31, 2024	13,467,096	\$ 7,472,890	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,852,596)	\$ (379,706)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(35,334)	(35,334)
Balance, October 31, 2024	13,467,096	\$ 7,472,890	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,887,930)	\$ (415,040)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(47,704)	(47,704)
Balance, January 31, 2025	13,467,096	\$ 7,472,890	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,935,634)	\$ (462,744)
Net Profit	-	-	-	-	771,730	771,730
Balance, April 30, 2025	13,467,096	\$ 7,472,890	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,163,904)	\$ 308,986

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

DISCOVERY-CORP ENTERPRISES INC.

(an exploration stage company)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	Three Months Ended April 30, 2025	Nine Months Ended April 30, 2025	Three Months Ended April 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended April 30, 2024
Operating Activities					
Net Income (loss) for the period		\$ 771,730	\$ 688,692	\$ (34,268)	\$ (103,444)
Adjustment for non-cash items					
Gain on disposal of assets	7	(842,400)	(842,400)	-	-
		\$ (70,670)	\$ (153,708)	\$ (34,268)	\$ (103,444)
Changes in non-cash working capital items					
Accounts receivable		(3,244)	(5,718)	(284)	(4,414)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(309,715)	(230,784)	35,910	77,124
Cash from operating activities		\$ (383,629)	\$ (390,210)	\$ 1,358	\$ (30,734)
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities		-	-	-	-
Cash provided by investing activities		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Private placement, net of costs	8	-	-	-	-
Gain on disposal of assets	7	842,400	842,400	-	-
Cash provided by financing activities		\$ 842,400	\$ 842,400	\$ -	\$ -
Increase (Decrease) in cash		458,771	452,190	1,358	(30,734)
Cash, beginning of period		623	7,204	7,980	40,072
Cash, end of period		\$ 459,394	\$ 459,394	\$ 9,338	\$ 9,338
Supplemental cash flow information					
Interest		\$2,847	\$5,962		
Taxes		-	-		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

DISCOVERY-CORP ENTERPRISES INC.

(an exploration stage company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine month period ended April 30, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Discovery-Corp Enterprises Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated under the laws of British Columbia on May 6, 1986 and maintains its head office at 125A - 1030 Denman Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6G 2M6. The Company’s registered and records office is at 700 - 401 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6B 5A1. The Company is an exploration stage company engaged in exploration for base and precious metals.

The recoverability of amounts shown for resource property interests and the Company’s continued viability is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete their development, and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of its interests. There are no assurances that the Company will be successful in achieving these goals.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. Several adverse conditions may cast significant doubt on the validity of this assumption. The Company has incurred significant losses and as at April 30, 2025 the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$7,163,904 (July 31, 2024 - \$7,852,596). The deficit has been reduced as the Company has a net profit of \$688,692 for the nine month period ending April 30, 2025 (July 31, 2024 - \$149,640 net loss). The Company’s ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to secure additional financing on a timely basis and achieve sufficient positive cash flows from operating activities to cover obligations and expenses. Management may actively seek additional financing opportunities through the issuance of equity as the need for capital arises. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Management is actively engaged in the review and due diligence on new projects. In addition to undertaking available cost-cutting measures, the Company is seeking to raise the necessary capital or asset sale to meet its funding requirements and repay debt to restore working capital. There can be no assurance that management’s plan will be successful. If the going concern assumption is not appropriate for these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, then adjustments would be necessary in the carrying value of assets and liabilities, the reported expenses and the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position classifications used. Such adjustments could be material.

NOTE 2 – STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) and in accordance and compliance with International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, including comparatives, of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”), and should be read in conjunction with annual audited statements. The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to make certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment of complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements are disclosed in Note 3. The accounting standards set out in Note 3 have been applied consistently to all periods presented.

DISCOVERY-CORP ENTERPRISES INC.

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine month period ended April 30, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTE 2 – STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE *(continued)***Approval of the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements**

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on June 20, 2025.

NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments measured at fair value. In addition, these consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information. Amounts are stated in Canadian dollars, which is the functional and reporting currency for the Company and its subsidiaries. The following reflects the significant accounting policies:

(a) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, Prebble Resources USA, Inc. (a Nevada corporation). During the year ended July 31, 2022, the Company incorporated under the law of British Columbia two wholly owned inactive subsidiaries, Galaxy Strategy Corp. and 1369569 B.C. Ltd. A subsidiary is an entity in which the Company has control, where control requires exposure or rights to variable returns and the ability to affect those returns through power over the investee. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

(b) Interest Income

Interest income derived from cash is recognized on an accrual basis as earned at the stated rate of interest.

(c) Exploration and Evaluation

The Company is in the exploration stage and capitalizes all acquisition costs related to its resource property interests until such time as the properties are put into commercial production, sold or abandoned. The Company expenses all exploration expenditures in the period incurred. Amounts shown as resource property interests represent acquisition costs incurred to date less amounts amortized and/or written off, and do not necessarily represent present or future values. If a property is put into commercial production, the acquisition costs relating to that property will be depleted based upon the proven reserves available.

From time to time, the Company may acquire or dispose of a resource property pursuant to the terms of an option agreement. As the options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded. Option payments are recorded as property costs or recoveries when the payments are made or received. When the amount of recoveries exceeds the total amount of capitalized costs of the property, the amount in excess of costs is recorded in income.

(d) Mining Exploration Tax Credit

The Company recognizes mining exploration tax recoveries in the period in which the related recoveries are received. The amount recoverable is subject to review and approval by the taxation authorities

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine month period ended April 30, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**(e) Share-based Payments**

The Company has a stock option plan that is described in Note 8(c). The Company may grant share options to acquire common shares of the Company to directors, officers, employees and consultants. The fair value of share-based payments to employees is measured at grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and is recognized over the vesting period using the graded method. Fair value of share-based payments to non-employees is recognized and measured at the date the goods or services are received based on the fair value of such goods or services. If it is determined that the fair value of goods and services received cannot be reliably measured, the share-based payment is measured at the fair value of the equity instruments issued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Upon option expiry, related amounts are transferred from reserves to deficit.

For both employees and non-employees, the fair value of share-based payments is recognized as an expense with a corresponding increase in reserves. The amount recognized as expense is adjusted to reflect the number of share options expected to vest. Consideration received on the exercise of stock options is recorded in share capital and the related share-based payment in reserves is transferred to share capital.

(f) Common Shares

Instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Company's common shares are classified as equity instruments.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(g) Equity Units

Proceeds received on the issuance of units, consisting of common shares and warrants, are allocated to common shares and warrants on a residual value basis. The value allocated to the common shares is based on the market price of the shares on the date of the transaction and the residual, if any, is allocated to the warrants. Consideration received for the exercise of warrants is recorded in share capital and the related amount recognized in warrant reserve is transferred to share capital. Upon warrant expiry, related amounts are transferred from reserves to deficit.

(h) Earnings (Loss) per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The Company uses the treasury stock method to compute the dilutive effect of options, warrants and similar instruments. Under this method the dilutive effect on earnings per share is calculated presuming the exercise of outstanding options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds of such exercise would be used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the year. However, the calculation of diluted loss per share excludes the effects of various conversions and exercise of options and warrants that would be anti-dilutive. Shares held in escrow, other than where their release is subject to the passage of time, are not included in the calculation of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding.

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(an exploration stage company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine month period ended April 30, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Impairment of Non-current Assets

Impairment tests on intangible assets with indefinite useful economic lives are undertaken annually. Other non-financial assets, including resource property interests, are subject to impairment tests whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, the asset is written down accordingly.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the impairment test is carried out on the asset's cash-generating unit, which is the lowest group of assets in which the asset belongs for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets.

An impairment loss is charged to net loss, except to the extent they reverse gains previously recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

(j) Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in net loss, except to the extent that if the income tax expense related to items recognized directly in equity, the income tax expense would also be recognized in equity. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized using the statement of financial position liability method. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities and the related deferred income tax expense or recovery are recognized for deferred tax consequences attributable to differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different entities, but they intend to settle current liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

(k) Financial Instruments

i) Financial Assets

The Company recognizes a financial asset when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company classifies financial assets at initial recognition as financial assets: measured at amortized cost, measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or measured at fair value through profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine month period ended April 30, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)*Financial assets measured at amortized costs*

A financial asset that meets both of the following conditions is classified as a financial asset measured at amortized cost.

- The Company's business model for such financial assets is to hold the assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding.

A financial asset measured at amortized cost is initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs directly attributable to the asset. After initial recognition, the carrying amount of the financial asset measured at amortized cost is determined using the effective interest method, net of impairment loss, if necessary.

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")

A financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognized initially at fair value plus transaction cost directly attributable to the asset. After initial recognition, the asset is measured at fair value with changes in fair value included as "financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income" in other comprehensive income.

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

A financial asset measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognized initially at fair value with any associated transaction costs being recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Subsequently, the financial asset is re-measured at fair value, and a gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss in the reporting period in which it arises.

The Company derecognizes a financial asset if the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or the Company transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. Any interests in transferred financial assets that are created or retained by the Company are recognized as a separate asset or liability. Gains and losses on derecognition are generally recognized in profit or loss. However, gains and losses on derecognition of financial assets classified as FVTOCI remain within accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). The Company's cash and reclamation bonds are classified as FVTPL.

ii) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. A financial liability is derecognized when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or when it expires. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost. All interest-related charges are reported in profit or loss within interest expense, if applicable. The Company's financial liabilities include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and classified as financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost.

iii) Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company provides information about its financial instruments measured at fair value at one of three levels according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair value:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine month period ended April 30, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- Level 3 - Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Cash, reclamation bonds, accounts payables and accrued liabilities are recorded at their carrying amounts and approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

(I) Material Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates, which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the consolidated financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and may affect both the period of revision and future periods.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

Critical accounting estimates

Critical accounting estimates are estimates and assumptions made by management that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Critical accounting judgments

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, the following:

Going concern

The assessment of whether the going concern assumption is appropriate requires management to take into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, 12 months from the end of the reporting period. Management assesses the amount of cash on hand at each reporting date to determine whether the Company pursues any exploration programs or adjusts management salaries and other expenses in the following year.

Mining exploration tax credits

The Company is entitled to refundable tax credits on qualified resource expenditures incurred in Canada. Management's judgment is applied in determining whether the resource expenditures are eligible for claiming such credits.

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(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)Exploration and evaluation assets

Management is required to make judgments on the status of each mineral property and the future plans with respect to finding commercial reserves. Resource exploration and development is highly speculative and involves inherent risks. While the rewards if an ore body is discovered can be substantial, few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Estimates and assumptions made in the realization of the Company's investment in mineral property interests may change if new information becomes available. New information may become available during the use of these assets that causes the Company to adjust its estimates.

Cash-generating units ("CGUs") are evaluated at each reporting date to determine whether there are any indications of impairment. The Company considers both internal and external sources of information when making the assessment of whether there are indications of impairment for the Company's mineral properties.

In respect of costs incurred for its mineral properties, management has determined that exploratory drilling, evaluation, and related costs incurred, which have been capitalized, continue to be appropriately recorded on the consolidated statements of financial position at its carrying value as management has determined there are no indicators of impairment for its mineral properties as at July 31, 2024 and 2023.

NOTE 4 – RISK MANAGEMENT**(a) Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash and reclamation bonds. The Company limits exposure to credit risk by maintaining its cash and reclamation bonds with major financial institutions.

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying financial obligations as they become due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to provide reasonable assurance that it will have sufficient funds to meet liabilities when due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows required for operations and anticipated investing and financing activities.

At April 30, 2025, the Company had cash of \$459,394 (July 31, 2024 - \$7,204) available to apply against short-term business requirements and current liabilities of \$205,545 (July 31, 2024 - \$436,329). All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

(c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows from the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control risk exposure within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. The Company is not exposed to significant market risk.

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(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of its resource property interests. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of equity as capital. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, option its resource property interests for cash and/or expenditures or dispose of assets. In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares annual expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary.

The Board of Directors does not establish a quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. The Company has not changed its capital risk management strategy during the year ended July 31, 2024 and is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTE 6 – RECLAMATION BONDS

The reclamation bonds are comprised of a \$1,000 (July 31, 2024 - \$1,000) cash deposit plus term deposits held in a financial institution as security for reclamation obligations pursuant to the *Mines Act* and *Health, Safety and Reclamation Code for Mines* in British Columbia. The \$2,000 (July 31, 2024 - \$2,000 at 3%) term deposit bears interest at 2.75% per annum and matures September 16, 2025. The \$5,000 (July 31, 2024 - \$5,000 at prime rate less 2.85%) term deposit bears interest at prime rate less 2.7% and matures January 15, 2026. The deposits are renewed annually.

NOTE 7 – RESOURCE PROPERTY INTERESTS

	April 30, 2025	July 31, 2024
Galaxy Property, British Columbia, Canada	\$ 20,916	\$ 20,916

Galaxy Property, British Columbia, Canada

The Company holds an undivided 100% interest in seven mineral claims and two Crown-granted mineral claims in the Kamloops Mining Division of British Columbia, Canada, known as the Galaxy Property.

Rock Creek, Nevada, USA

For accounting purposes Rock Creek mineral rights, located in Humboldt County, Nevada, USA, was written down to zero by a charge to operations of \$128,954 in the year ended July 31, 2006. The Company for any future benefits retained its undivided 50% interest in the Rock Creek mineral rights. During the period ended April 30, 2025 the Company disposed of Rock Creek for proceeds of \$842,400 that will be used for working capital and further exploration. This has been recorded as a gain from disposal of assets on the condensed consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income (loss).

Title

Title to resource properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated title to all of its resource properties and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all its properties are in good standing. However, such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfer and title may be affected by undetected defects.

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(an exploration stage company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine month period ended April 30, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTE 7 – RESOURCE PROPERTY INTERESTS (continued)**Environmental**

The Company is subject to the laws and regulations relating to environmental matters in all jurisdictions in which it operates, including provisions relating to property reclamation, discharge of hazardous material and other matters. The Company may also be held liable should environmental problems be discovered that were caused by former owners and operators of its properties and properties in which it has previously had an interest. The Company conducts its mineral exploration activities in compliance with applicable environmental protection legislation. The Company is not aware of any existing environmental problems related to any of its current or former properties that may result in material liability to the Company.

Environmental legislation is becoming increasingly stringent and costs and expenses of regulatory compliance are increasing. The impact of new and future environmental legislation on the Company's operations may cause additional expenses and restrictions. If the restrictions adversely affect the scope of exploration and development on the resource properties, the potential for production on the property may be diminished or negated.

Realization

The investment in resource properties comprises a significant portion of the Company's assets. Realization of the Company's investment in these assets is dependent upon the confirmation of legal ownership, the attainment of successful production from the properties or from the proceeds of their disposal.

NOTE 8 – EQUITY

(a) Authorized: unlimited number of common shares without par value

(b) Issued:

No shares were issued during the year ended July 31, 2024.

No shares were issued during the period ending April 30, 2025.

(c) Stock Options

The Company established a stock option plan under which it may grant stock options totaling in aggregate up to 10% of the Company's total number of shares issued and outstanding on a non-diluted basis. The stock option plan provides for the granting of stock options to employees and persons providing investor-relation or consulting services up to a limit of 5%, 2% and 2%, respectively, of the Company's total number of issued and outstanding shares per year. The stock options are fully vested on the date of grant, except for options granted to persons providing investor relations services, which vest over a twelve-month period. The option price must be greater or equal to the discounted market price on the grant date and the option expiry date cannot exceed five years after the grant date.

The Company applies the fair value method using the Black-Scholes option pricing model in accounting for its stock options granted. There were no options granted or outstanding during the years ended July 31, 2024 and 2023 and the nine month period ending April 30, 2025.

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(an exploration stage company)

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For the nine month period ended April 30, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTE 8 – EQUITY (continued)

(d) Warrants

Details of the status of the Company's warrants as at April 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024 and changes during the years then ended are as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, July 31, 2024	1,250,000	\$ 0.10
Expired	(1,250,000)	\$0.10
Balance, April 30, 2025	-	

There are no warrants outstanding as of April 30, 2025.

The warrants outstanding at April 30, 2024 are as follows:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1,250,000	\$ 0.10	October 12, 2024

The outstanding 1,250,000 warrants expired unexercised on October 12, 2024. The weighted average remaining contractual life of warrants outstanding at April 30, 2025 is 0 (April 30, 2024 – 0.43) years.

NOTE 9 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include transactions with directors and/or officers of the Company and/or corporations related to or controlled by them. The remuneration of directors and other key management personnel was as follows:

	April 30, 2025	April 30, 2024
Short-term employee benefits (Note 11 and 12)	\$ 117,987	\$ 89,100

At April 30, 2025, the Company had \$71,778 (July 31, 2024 - \$270,270) owing to related parties. The amounts due to related parties are unsecured, have no stated terms of repayment and are interest-free.

NOTE 10 – SEGMENT DISCLOSURE

The Company operates in one business segment, which is the acquisition and exploration of mineral property interests, and its non-current assets are held in Canada.

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For the nine month period ended April 30, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTE 11 – ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

The administration expenses for the Company are broken down as follows:

	Three Month Period ended April 30, 2025	Nine Month Period ended April 30, 2025	Three Month Period ended April 30, 2024	Nine Month Period ended April 30, 2024
Consulting fees administration (Note 9)	13,600	38,300	29,700	89,100
Professional fees	25,671	40,594	4,500	7,002
Travel	-	-	-	-
Listing, filing and transfer agent fees	5,594	7,470	-	6,870
Office	3,302	3,446	-	460
Shareholder and investor relations	-	-	-	-
Bank charges and interest	2,936	6,240	68	263
	<u>\$ 51,103</u>	<u>\$ 96,050</u>	<u>\$ 34,268</u>	<u>\$ 103,695</u>

NOTE 12 – EXPLORATION EXPENSES

The exploration expenses for the Company related to its Galaxy Property are broken down as follows:

	Three Month Period ended April 30, 2025	Nine Month Period ended April 30, 2025	Three Month Period ended April 30, 2024	Nine Month Period ended April 30, 2024
Government fees	\$ -	\$ 500	\$ -	\$ -
Exploration and data (Note 9)	20,462	58,421	-	-
	<u>\$ 20,462</u>	<u>\$ 58,921</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

NOTE 13 – TERMINATION OF PROPOSED ARRANGEMENT AGREEMENT TRANSACTION

The Company entered into an arrangement agreement dated October 13, 2022 related to the proposed business combination (the "Transaction") of the Company with Scramble Resources Corp. March 2, 2023, the Company submitted a draft joint management information circular and related initial documentation to the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV") for approval in connection with the Transaction and policies of the TSXV and as such conditions of the Transaction included TSXV approval, shareholder approval and court approval. On April 17, 2025 the Company announced the proposed Transaction has terminated. The Company did not issue any shares to Scramble Resources Corp.